

FREEDOM AND EQUITY OF AMERICA IN THE SPEECH OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN: THE ADDRESS IN GETTYSBURG

Ani Widiyanti¹
Dion Tira Erlangga²
English Literature
English Education

aniwidiyanti14@gmail.com

Abstract

The speech that Abraham Lincoln delivered at the dedication of the Soldiers' National Cemetery in Gettysburg is the focus of this study. The purpose of this study is to determine whether the speech by Abraham Lincoln still has any relevance for us today and what message he intended to convey. This research was analyzed using a qualitative approach, in which the author gathered data or information from a variety of sources. In order to comprehend the speech's meaning, the author reads the text several times. Because the speech is about equality and freedom, it makes a reference to the Declaration of Independence. It is due to the United States' current situation. This is due to the fact that speeches from the 1960s are still relevant today. Today, there is a new form of equality and freedom. Discrimination and human trafficking are two examples that can be found everywhere.

Key words: Short Story, Clauses, Literature, Comparative Analysis

INTRODUCTION

All humans are born free and with the same rights and dignity (Abidin et al., 2022), (Suprayogi, Samanik, et al., 2021), (Suprayogi & Pranoto, 2020). They must act in a spirit of brotherhood toward one another (Suprayogi & Eko, 2020), (Samanik, 2019) because they are endowed with reason and conscience (Kardiansyah & Qodriani, 2018), (Kuswoyo, Sujatna, Indrayani, Rido, et al., 2020), (Mandasari & Aminatun, 2020). Human Rights embody this freedom and equality (Sartika & Pranoto, 2021), (Suprayogi, Puspita, et al., 2021). It demonstrates that human rights are a fundamental requirement for a dignified life (Fakhrurozi & Puspita, 2021), (Fakhrurozi et al., 2021). The idea that every American should have the same opportunities in everything (Gulö, 2018), (Puspita & Amelia, 2020), (Nurmalasari & Samanik, 2018), including success and prosperity, is one of America's core values. Bush once stated in the book *American Cultural Studies* that America must be developed (Amelia & Dintasi, 2019), (Fadilah & Kuswoyo, 2021) and free, and that the entire world is just and good (Wahyudin & Sari, 2018), (Aminatun, 2021). However, in the past, in the United States, many people experienced slavery by the colonialists (Pranoto & Afrilita, 2019), (Choirunnisa & Mandasari, 2021). The slaves in the United States wanted

to change their living conditions for the better (Teknologi et al., 2021), (Kardiansyah & Salam, 2020a). It is because slavery makes their lives unable to feel equality and freedom (Qodriani & Wijana, 2020), (Mertania & Amelia, 2020). As a result of rampant slavery, the Declaration of Independence was created (Pranoto, 2021), (Ahmad et al., 2021), written by John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, Thomas Jefferson, Roger Sherman, and Robert Livingston (Pranoto & Suprayogi, 2020a), (Afrianto & Restika, 2018), (Sari & Gulö, 2019). However, after the Declaration of Independence was published, there was still slavery in some areas, such as in southern America (Qodriani & Kardiansyah, 2018), (Budiman et al., 2021). Thus, this made Abraham Lincoln, the 16th president of America who was anti-slavery, proclaimed the release of slaves (Istiani & Puspita, 2020), (Samanik, 2021), (Pratiwi & Fitri, 2021).

Lincoln was confronted with the Civil War long before he issued the proclamation due to divergent perspectives on slavery (Ngestirosa et al., 2020), (Fithratullah, 2021), (Yulianti & Sulistyawati, n.d.). Additionally, the North and South have distinct political and economic circumstances (Gulö et al., 2021), (Journal et al., 2021). Slavery was supported by the southern people, whereas slavery was opposed by the northern people (Putri & Aminatun, 2021), (Mandasari, n.d.), (Oktaviani, 2018). Lincoln, who was from the North, was forced to fight in the Civil War (Cahyaningsih & Pranoto, 2021), (Novanti & Suprayogi, 2021). On January 1, 1863, President Abraham Lincoln issued the Emancipation Proclamation, which served as the African American community's founding document (Widianingsih & Gulö, 2016), (Pranoto & Suprayogi, 2020b), (Adelina & Suprayogi, 2020). Numerous individuals whose lives may improve as a result of this proclamation's publication (Gulö & Nainggolan, 2021), (Samanik, 2018). However, because this rule only applied to the Confederation (States that supported Slavery) (Amelia & Daud, 2020), (Puspita, 2019), this Proclamation could not end slavery at the time (Kardiansyah, 2019), (Kuswoyo, Sujatna, Indrayani, & Rido, 2020), (Qodriani & Wijana, 2021). In the meantime, there is still a lot of slavery in other places (Muliyah et al., 2020), (Sinaga & Oktaviani, 2020). To end slavery in the United States, Lincoln had to pass the 13th Amendment. According to (Puspita & Pranoto, 2021), the end of the Civil War and the defeat of the Confederacy (States that Supported Slavery) coincided with the passage of the 13th Amendment. At the time, the war took place many victims fell from the Union (State against slavery) and the Confederation (Suprayogi, Pranoto, et al., 2021),

(Kardiansyah & Salam, 2020b). The victims were buried in an area, and it was President Abraham Lincoln who inaugurated the Gettysburg Civil War Cemetery on November 19, 1863 (Endang Woro Kasih, 2018), (Nababan & Nurmaily, 2021). He delivered a speech that lasted approximately two minutes (Fithratullah, 2019), (Setri & Setiawan, 2020), (Candra & Qodriani, 2019). That speech is one of the most famous speeches in American history until now (Aguss et al., 2021), (Arpiansah et al., 2021). It is because in that speech Abraham Lincoln conveyed freedom and equality (Mandasari & Aminatun, 2019), (Ayu & Aminatun, 2021), (Nuraziza et al., 2021). Freedom and equality are necessary for everyone let alone in American society. It is because they were once colonized by the invaders, and this made them lose their freedom and equality. It is also still the case today. Therefore, the purpose of this research is to find out how important freedom and equality are and if this form of slavery still happening today?

LITERATURE REVIEW

This research cannot be carried out without references from previous studies. There are several previous studies used by the writer to conduct this research. First, Lincoln's Gettysburg Address: A Dedication, A Consecration, and A Challenge by Caitlin M. Cappa. In this paper, the writer discusses a sentence uttered by Abraham Lincoln, namely "all men are created equal". The writer argues that Abraham Lincoln's speech did not only talk about the main issues of war, but he only talked about the war itself, namely the Civil War. The writer also argues that there are times when a nation is at war with its nation and is divided, but Abraham Lincoln was able to face the challenge. In this case, the value of his speech is that they must continue to fight for the nation they already have.

Second, The Meaning of "All Men Are Created Equal": An Analysis of The Gettysburg Address by Yi-Ling Huang. The writer agrees with the question that "all human beings are created equal", but there is a difference in equality today. The writer says that Lincoln pretended to be non-abolitionist because he did not free the slaves until the end. The reason is that in his debates he argues that humans have the freedom to earn a living but may not have equality in terms of abilities, leadership, and moral teachings. He reaffirmed this during a speech at The Gettysburg Address.

METHOD

This study uses a qualitative method where the qualitative technique that relies on text and image data has its steps in data analysis and uses a different design. The writer uses this method because the object of this research is a speech from Abraham Lincoln that he made at the inauguration of the Soldiers' National Cemetery in Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. The writer performs several stages for data collection, namely:

1. The writer searches for the text of Abraham Lincoln's Speech: The Gettysburg Address.
2. The writer reads the text several times. It aims to understand more deeply about the text.
3. The writer looks for sources of information from various books or journals to support this research.
4. The writer notes what important things will be discussed in this research.
5. The writer finds issues that can be used as reference material to support this research.

After the writer did several stages to collect the data, the writer started to analyze it using a predetermined method. The technique used by the writer to analyze this research is reading. Therefore, the writer can complete this research.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The Gettysburg Address was President Abraham Lincoln's speech and one of the most famous speeches in United States history. This speech was delivered by Abraham Lincoln after his troops defeated Confederate troops at the Battle of Gettysburg on November 19, 1863. This speech took place at Abraham Lincoln's Dedication of the Soldiers National Cemetery in Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. The battle was called the Civil War. The contents of his speech are as follows.

.... Four score a seven years ago our father brought forth on this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal. Now we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation or any nation, so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure. We are met on a

great battlefield of that war. We have come to dedicate a portion of that field, as a final resting place for those who here gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this. But, in a larger sense, we cannot dedicate we cannot consecrate ... we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here, have consecrated it, far above our poor power to add or detract. The world will little note, nor long remember what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us the living, rather, to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which they who fought here have thus far so nobly advanced. It is rather to us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us- that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion-that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain- that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth.

In the speech, Lincoln linked the incident with the Declaration of Independence, which was signed by the Founding Fathers. It is because the Founding Fathers had to sign the Proclamation of Independence (Paul, 2014). The Founding Fathers were delegates from the Thirteen Colonies to sign the Declaration of Independence on July 4, 1776, and they also signed the Articles of Association, Constitution, and Bill of Rights (Paul, 2014).

There is a sentence "... Four score a seven years ago our father brought forth on this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal. " This sentence refers to the Declaration of Independence, whose main point is that people have certain inalienable rights, including life, freedom, and the pursuit of happiness. All Humans are created equal. Individuals have a civil obligation to defend these rights for themselves and others.

Lincoln was an anti-slavery. He has the belief that all people are equal, black men have the right to improve their living conditions in society and can feel freedom and equality. In America, slavery was once commonplace. People who have power and a high authoritarian attitude will usually enslave the weak to become workers or other things. They regard slaves as something that can be completely owned. So, they can trade the slaves. It can be seen in the southern part of America, where slavery was regulated and protected around the

17th century. The form of this slavery was that they were ordered to farm like cotton growing. It is because of the revival of the cotton-growing business. So, they needed slaves to help in agriculture.

Freedom and equality are important things in life, especially in the United States. As mentioned before, freedom and equality have been stated in the Declaration of Independence. In American history, black people were afraid of white people because white people had more power than black people. It is because Native Americans (black people), were colonized by white people. There is an Equality Act aimed at expanding, clarifying, reinforcing, and creating protection and remedies against discrimination.

It is very important because it can eliminate discrimination in the United States. Discrimination is an act of treating people differently from each other based on the characteristics of that person or group. As we know, many people in the United States are discriminated against simply because of differences in race or skin color. It still happens today in a different form. On March 1-7, 2021, a survey of adults in the United States was conducted, and the results of the survey were that there was still much discrimination against black people (Daniller, 2021). These data show that there is still much discrimination in the United States today.

Abraham Lincoln reiterated freedom and said that all people are created equal. The goal is to remind us that this makes the American Dream difficult to realize. The realization of the American Dream is that they must have a better life than before and have equal opportunities for everyone according to their abilities or achievements.

Abraham Lincoln described the civil war as a manifestation of a nation's struggle to maintain its power. They prove that the truth must always be fought for at all times. Abraham Lincoln also said that "It is for us the living, rather, to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which they who fought here have thus far so nobly advanced". It shows that those who are still alive must realize a world of freedom and equality called the American Dream.

To this day, Abraham Lincoln's wishes in the speech are still difficult to realize. It is because of the "modern slavery" that is happening, and this is not only happening in America but also various countries. Modern slavery is Human Trafficking. Human

Trafficking is an act of violence such as threatening, coercing, and exploiting for forced labor, crime, or organ harvesting. Meanwhile, according to the U.S. Department of State “Human Trafficking”, “Trafficking in Persons”, and “Modern Slavery” is an activity in the form of involuntary servitude, slavery, or practices similar to slavery, or forced labor.

The United States is a democracy where that upholds freedom and dignity. However, there is still much human trafficking going on in the country. It is contrary to the American dream, which states that they have the freedom to prosper. They trade because of various factors such as environment, conflict, or economy. Human trafficking is still happening today because it is very profitable. Traders will be paid large sums of money making this a very lucrative criminal crime.

According to the Bureau of Justice Statistics, in its 2021 Human Trafficking data collection report. It said that there was an increase involving forced labor from 66 (2015) to 146 (2019). However, this Human Trafficking decreased in 2020 to 92. If we look at the data, it shows that human trafficking is still happening in the United States of America until now. The impact of Human Trafficking, which involves forced labor is not achieving the American Dream in the United States. It is because they do not have the freedom to do work according to their criteria and abilities. They also experience discrimination because there is no equality for them.

So, Abraham Lincoln's words "all men are created equal .." were difficult to achieve for all sections of society in the United States. In addition, Abraham Lincoln's words "...that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom..." is also difficult to achieve. The United States of America is a country that values freedom. However, in practice, this freedom is only for some people. It is because they still experience discrimination and the existence of Human Trafficking.

CONCLUSION

One of Abraham Lincoln's most well-known speeches was his address at the dedication of the Soldiers' National Cemetery in Gettysburg. Abraham Lincoln made a reference to the recently published Declaration of Independence in that speech. His speech was intended to promote equality and freedom in the United States. Additionally, he hoped that a new era of freedom would emerge following the Civil War in the 1960s. To achieve freedom,

people will live in equality without discriminating against one another. However, new issues emerge, including modern slavery, also known as "human trafficking," and discrimination. It is difficult to put an end to either of these things, which are still taking place in the United States today. Because of how these two things have been handled, the United States of America's dream of living the American Dream is still a long way off.

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