

THE SPEECHES OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN AT GETTYBURG: THE RISE OF AMERICA

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Abstract

When discussing a nation's or city's history, war is typically mentioned. Numerous difficulties had to be endured by American society as it developed as a result of social pressures and tensions. Abraham Lincoln gave a brief speech in Gettysburg that went on to become the most significant speech regarding the restoration of American power. Despite the fact that this speech was very brief, he was sincere and respectful throughout. The author will discuss the circumstances that led to the events that took place in Gettysburg in the analysis that will be further developed. Lincoln conveyed that the new nation possessed freedoms that should also be enjoyed by humans and did not exist in a state of mourning. One of the most significant speeches in the history of the United States of America, the speech was made memorable by every word he said.

Key words: nationalism, civil war, abraham lincoln, american histories

INTRODUCTION

Numerous nations have developed superiors and divisions that result in conflict and famine (Pranoto & Suprayogi, 2020), (K. Sari & Pranoto, 2021). Even after they have passed away, the nationalist freedom fighters deserved to be honored and honored (Samanik, 2019), (Kardiansyah & Salam, 2020), (Kuswoyo et al., 2021). The term "globalization," which refers to something artificial and is undoubtedly distinct from the understanding (Cahyaningsih & Pranoto, 2021), (Suprayogi, Samanik, et al., 2021) and definition of nationalism, does not include nationalism as such (Aldino & Ulfa, 2021), (Afrianto & Gulö, 2019). According to Arnason (Kuswanto et al., 2020), nationalism is more commonly understood to be a person's belief, strategy, and attitude (hereinafter referred to as society). The New American State made numerous contributions to the development of the United States (Afrianto & Restika, 2018), (Teknologi et al., 2021), which were also outlined in a variety of ways and documented substantively and methodologically (Abidin et al., 2022), (Puspita, 2021b), (Aminatun et al., 2021). The political reform movement known as progressivism in this century has frequently sparked off debates that have since been resolved (Ahmad et al., 2021), (Kuswoyo & Siregar, 2019), clearly and profoundly influencing society in the 20th century (Amelia & Daud, 2020), (Puspita & Amelia, 2020), (Afrianto & Ma'rifah, 2020). Historical biographies evolved into a new ideology

(Fakhrurozi & Puspita, 2021), (Gulö, 2018), which is believed to have existed from the beginning of the twentieth century (Amelia & Dintasi, 2019), (Istiani & Puspita, 2020), (Pranoto, 2021). This development is based on the history of the genre (Kuswoyo et al., 2020), (Aldino et al., 2021). For noting and recording the concept of the "civil inescapable thesis," historians who recorded history between the 1930s and 1950s are invaluable (Adelina & Suprayogi, 2020), (Asia & Samanik, 2018), (Aguss et al., 2021). According to (Aminatun et al., 2019), they analyzed the situation and concluded that politicians' incompetence and lack of competence were a contributing factor in the Civil War. These politicians were unable to effectively compromise, lead, or persuade the war's participants (Samanik & Lianasari, 2018), (Fakhrurozi et al., 2021). David W. Blight writes extensively about the Southern Lost Cause, reunion literature, the history of Memorial Day, the industry of mementos and mementos (Oktaviani & Ayu, 2021), (Ambarwati & Mandasari, 2020), and the history of African Americans (Muliyah, Aminatun, et al., 2020), (F. M. Sari & Wahyudin, 2019). He tells a moving story about each memory and goes into detail about each race to explain how the Civil War became the focus of the chapter he covered (Sartika & Pranoto, 2021), (Suprayogi, Pranoto, et al., 2021), (Oktaviani et al., 2022). He also explains how Americans can move on from this tragic war and forget about it (Kuswoyo, 2014), (Puspita & Pranoto, 2021).

As America progressed, growing from the pressures and tensions in society caused by this war, American society had to experience many hardships (Muliyah, Rekha, et al., 2020), (Oktaviani, 2018). "Social memory framework" describes the preservation of the past which is the study of how people remember (Mandasari & Wahyudin, 2021), (Mandasari & Wahyudin, 2019) and store the past which is also a study that discusses World War II (Suprayogi & Eko, 2020). The generation at that time was more focused on their memories, and understood this World War as a Civil War (Asmiati et al., 2019), (Afrianto et al., 2021), (Samanik, 2018). From the arrangement of Lincoln's drawings, in 1945 one of the patterns, namely the Emancipator Image, reflected a new perception of minority rights owners in the twenty-twentieth century which ultimately directed and entertained many who had previously resisted (Nurmala Sari & Aminatun, 2021), (Oktaviani & Sari, 2020). As America grew from the pressures and tensions in society caused by this war, American society had to endure many hardships (Qodriani & Wijana, 2021), (Endang Woro Kasih, 2018). "Social memory frame" describes the preservation of the past which is the study of

how people remember (Yulianti & Sulistiyawati, 2020), (Fithratullah, 2021), (Gulö et al., 2021) and store the past which is also a study that discusses World War II (Kardiansyah & Qodriani, 2018), (Aldino et al., 2020). The generation at that time was more focused on their memories (Setri & Setiawan, 2020), (Qodriani & Wijana, 2020), and understood this World War as a Civil War (Candra & Qodriani, 2019), (Ngestirosa et al., 2020). From the arrangement of Lincoln's drawings, in 1945 one of the patterns, namely the Emancipator Image, reflected a new perception of minority rights owners in the twenty-twentieth century (Qodriani & Kardiansyah, 2018) which ultimately directed and entertained many who had previously resisted (Yulianti & Sulistyawati, 2021), (Kurniawan et al., 2018), (Fithratullah, 2019). In his study of the memory of the Brothers, David W. Blight examines how historical subjects of history and emancipation were marginalized during the centenary of the Civil War in the context of the civil rights era (Puspita, 2021a), (Qodriani, 2021), (Handayani & Aminatun, 2020).

In this literary work, the author will analyze the development of America from a political perspective, which at that time was not going well, plus other problems that befell the country. Discussing a little history and tracing the life of Abraham Lincoln will also reveal how the history of this great nation was formed. Discussing a little history and tracing the life of Abraham Lincoln will also reveal how the history of this great nation was formed.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Based on the speech of a United States President at the time, Abraham Lincoln, who was respected and loved by everyone, delivered a short and very historic message for the American people, not only because he was a public figure, but also his content which at the same time comforted and motivated the people to rise from the dead. depression and sadness. Lincoln succeeded in stopping and abolishing slavery and liberating his country by serving and leading as a just president who cared for his people. In his speech in Gettysburg, he delivered a short message that ultimately became the most historic speech in the restoration of power in America in his day. This speech was very short in duration of 2-3 minutes, but in that short time he conveyed his thoughts sincerely and respectfully.

METHOD

In this paper, the researcher uses a content analysis research methodology. The author gets the source or main topic of discussion from videos that are accessed through the Youtube platform whose contents focus on the sound and content of the discussion. The video is a video containing the voice of the President of America in the era of World War II or better known as the Civil War. The recording of Abraham Lincoln, who was then President from 1861 – 1865, is less than 3 minutes long. Even so, the public remained enthusiastic and very impressed with the short speech, because even though it was only for a short duration, he was able to convey the contents of his heart and mind which were immediately captured and understood by the public. Apart from videos containing voice recordings, researchers also obtained other data sources from journal articles and books related to the topics to be discussed, namely *The Analysis of Literary Work: The Development of American Government from Abraham Lincoln Gettysburg Speech*. In the analysis that will be elaborated, the author will discuss the events behind the events that occurred in Gettysburg. What events triggered the war and how it finally ended. The discussion is made as detailed as possible so that the reader can understand the pin points that the author wants to convey and get the gist of the discussion given.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

A developed country cannot be realized just because its people are moving in a better direction, but the community must move based on regulations and have leaders who plan carefully and precisely. During the dark period that was increasingly widespread during World War II or Civil War, the study of the politician named Abraham Lincoln became a topic of discussion and quickly expanded the existing cultural semiotics because the study focused on "memory as a social frame" (Schwartz, B, 1996). Romano stated APD and the political history of America itself are interconnected and connect civic ideals while simultaneously delighting each other. It is ultimately rooted in the memories and experiences of the generations that grew up and are in their memories. In addition to Abraham Lincoln, several theorists have attempted to try and realize new breakthroughs together with historians of nationalism which in the end did not materialize because they were hampered and damaged by outdated frameworks and theories of the picture of modernity that were deemed appropriate (Arnason, 1990).

Bloom (1976) said that when re-examining this event, researchers tried to find methods and thought of developing and expanding it into certain fields such as scientific fields as

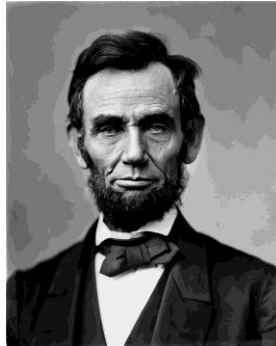
other aspects that developed its micro-history. Eldridge (2021) mentions in his writings, this Civil War will still have its own interest considering it will continue to be discussed and shine throughout the ages, calling on researchers and historians to look at the details of events and the causes of this historic event to be documented.

Moreover, as we know, although there are times when the story of the Civil War does not always discuss the story of Gettysburg in detail, the story is still captivating and attracts the attention of historians because of its appeal. Bloom (1976). Eldridge (2021) further explains, the American Civil War, one of the events and cases of war which until now has been the most bitter case written in the history of American development. Given the circumstances, new research should immediately be initiated between the (AMH) American History Review and (JAH) Journal of American History, by re-gathering scholarships that have a special share of the social and political history of such a large event. Judging from the lack of information from this study, historians of the Civil War along with other researchers may be neglectful not to perpetuate history from the start, when political and military and even non-military events can actually be analyzed.

Trauma to the construction of collective memory and the formation of collective identity, of course, arises as a result of a cultural process of a country towards its people. (Alexander et al, 2004) Sometimes Historians tend to pay attention to them and focus more on analyzing the economic, military and damage impacts, or even political aspects that exist and are presented as a significant form of historical interpretation. They forget one historical interpretation that is actually quite significant but in fact many are forgotten, namely looking again at the impact and how the social aspects of war (Eldridge, B. M. (2021). Bloom (1976) mentions, Abraham Lincoln once said where the world actually does not forget the results and what happened. what the braves did, lived and died, there, he accurately expressed. The fact that the events of Gettysburg were a turning point and a frequently contentious proposition that could have been put forward as a result of the war struggle, of course we can regard as critical between the Rebels as well as the Yankees.

If it is taken into account, in the last thirty years, scholarship has traditionally been forgotten and left behind by historiography, although this scholarship has succeeded in creating and providing concepts as new explanations of other war nuances to be examined (Eldridge, B. M. (2021). With sufficient time, about three days is offered a dramatic

confrontation in a plot that is made quite complicated, this leaves 170,000 soldiers along with civilians who can't even be counted in number because quite a lot that gives dramatic charm with hero equipment and also less attractive even with heroic charm (Bloom, (1976). As we can see in the events, race can be said to be one of the causes of this war. This led to the antithesis of a culture of reconciliation that led to divisions that had a profound impact on the psychology of American society. Memories where women's emancipation, brutal slavery and the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments could not enter and fit to come and be welcomed back as a new nationalism where nothing went wrong, because right was a very clear devotion in the Civil War (David, W, 2009).



Abraham Lincoln

When Abraham Lincoln said "the world will pay little attention to, or long to remember what we say here", everyone knows about his memorable short speech and what he said in his speech. The North has not crossed paths that make today's students perhaps unaware of its contents. Lincoln mentions them by implication, which he does not call an enemy. The phrase in his speech "those who are here to give their lives so that the nation may live," made his people aware of their lives. can continue to run because of the struggle of the people who are members of this war.

Lincoln mentions a freedom as "conceived in Freedom", what is the meaning behind it. He conveyed that the new country did not stand and live from sadness but was filled with freedoms made for humans that should also be enjoyed by humans. Abraham Lincoln delivered his speech with great wisdom and ambition, when "our father" left his mouth, the audience was silenced and bowed in wisdom. But he still maintains that every racial and ethnic group in America is very important and goes hand in hand with one another. The

intent and purpose of his expression and having them gathered there was to dedicate the final resting place to those who fought for and uphold the dedication to the country. In his speech we clearly see how Lincoln knows and shares the suffering of his people, and cares about turning their country into a comfortable country to live in.

CONCLUSION

The culture that helped to create the new nation that its citizens now enjoy is shaped by the dark history of the United States. During the Civil War, the struggle of the fighters resulted in a colonial-free peace. The dedication and all of the hopes that American society had at the time were conveyed in a brief speech by Abraham Lincoln, which inspired the people to live in freedom and peace. One of the most significant speeches in the history of the United States of America, the speech was made memorable by every word he said. Abraham Lincoln had anticipated that the Gettysburg address would be among the largest and most extraordinary speeches ever delivered.

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